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HOUSE BILL 1292

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

By Representatives Haigh and Nixon

Read first time 01/20/2005. Referred to Committee on State Government Operations & Accountability.

AN ACT Relating to compensating the responsible bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid when the state, municipality, or an institution of higher education rejects all bids for a public works contract; reenacting and amending RCW 39.10.061; adding a new section to chapter 39.04 RCW; and creating a new section.

- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 Sec. 1. The legislature recognizes that fair and NEW SECTION. 8 open competition is a basic tenet of public works procurement, that such competition reduces the appearance of and opportunity for 9 10 favoritism and inspires public confidence that contracts are awarded 11 equitably and economically. Preservation of the integrity of the 12 competitive bid system for both the bidder and the public owner dictates that the contract should be awarded to the lowest responsible 13 14 bidder who prepares and submits the lowest responsive bid, unless good 15 cause is shown.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 39.04 RCW to read as follows:
- 18 After bids for a public work have been opened by the state, a

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municipality, or an institution of higher education as defined in RCW 1 2 28B.10.016, award must be made to the responsible bidder who submitted the lowest responsive bid unless it is determined in writing by the 3 state, municipality, or institution of higher education that there is 4 5 good cause to reject all bids and cancel the invitation. Any decision to reject all bids and cancel the invitation shall result in the 6 7 payment of ten thousand dollars or five percent of the project cost estimate, whichever amount is less, to the contractor that otherwise 8 9 would have been awarded the contract as the responsible bidder who submitted the lowest responsive bid. 10

- Sec. 3. RCW 39.10.061 and 2003 c 352 s 3 and 2003 c 300 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and after complying 39.10.030, a public body may utilize the contractor/construction manager procedure of public works contracting for public works projects authorized under subsection (2) of this section. For the purposes of this section, contractor/construction manager" means a firm with which a public body has selected and negotiated a maximum allowable construction cost to be quaranteed by the firm, after competitive selection through formal advertisement and competitive bids, to provide services during the design phase that may include life-cycle cost design considerations, value engineering, scheduling, cost estimating, constructability, alternative construction options for cost savings, and sequencing of work, and to act as the construction manager and general contractor during the construction phase.
- (2) Except those school districts proposing projects that are considered and approved by the school district project review board and those public hospital districts proposing projects that are considered and approved by the public hospital district project review board, public bodies authorized under this section may utilize the general contractor/construction manager procedure for public works projects valued over ten million dollars where:
- 34 (a) Implementation of the project involves complex scheduling 35 requirements; or
- 36 (b) The project involves construction at an existing facility which 37 must continue to operate during construction; or

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(c) The involvement of the general contractor/construction manager during the design stage is critical to the success of the project.

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- (3) Public bodies should select general contractor/construction managers early in the life of public works projects, and in most situations no later than the completion of schematic design.
- (4) Contracts for the services of a general contractor/construction manager under this section shall be awarded through a competitive process requiring the public solicitation of proposals for general contractor/construction manager services. The public solicitation of proposals shall include: A description of the project, including performance, and technical requirements programmatic, specifications when available; the reasons for using the general contractor/construction manager procedure; a description of the qualifications to be required of the proposer, including submission of the proposer's accident prevention program; a description of the process the public body will use to evaluate qualifications and proposals, including evaluation factors and the relative weight of factors; the form of the contract to be awarded; the estimated maximum allowable construction cost; and the bid instructions to be used by the general contractor/construction manager finalists. Evaluation factors shall include, but not be limited to: Ability of professional personnel, past performance in negotiated and complex projects, and ability to meet time and budget requirements; the scope of work the general contractor/construction manager proposes to self-perform and its ability to perform it; location; recent, current, and projected work loads of the firm; and the concept of their proposal. A public body shall establish a committee to evaluate the proposals. After the committee has selected the most qualified finalists, these finalists shall submit final proposals, including sealed bids for the percent fee, which is the percentage amount to be earned by the general contractor/construction manager as overhead and profit, estimated maximum allowable construction cost and the fixed amount for the detailed specified general conditions work. The public body shall select the firm submitting the highest scored final proposal using the evaluation factors and the relative weight of factors published in the public solicitation of proposals.
- (5) The maximum allowable construction cost may be negotiated between the public body and the selected firm after the scope of the

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project is adequately determined to establish a guaranteed contract 1 2 cost for which the general contractor/construction manager will provide a performance and payment bond. The quaranteed contract cost includes 3 the fixed amount for the detailed specified general conditions work, 4 5 the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost, the percent fee on the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost, and sales tax. 6 7 the public body is unable to negotiate a satisfactory maximum allowable construction cost with the firm selected that the public body 8 determines to be fair, reasonable, and within the available funds, 9 negotiations with that firm shall be formally terminated and the public 10 body shall negotiate with the next highest scored firm and continue 11 12 until an agreement is reached or the process is terminated. 13 maximum allowable construction cost varies more than fifteen percent from the bid estimated maximum allowable construction cost due to 14 requested and approved changes in the scope by the public body, the 15 percent fee shall be renegotiated. 16

- (6) All subcontract work shall be competitively bid with public bid openings. When critical to the successful completion of a subcontractor bid package and after publication of notice of intent to determine bidder eligibility in a legal newspaper of general circulation published in or as near as possible to that part of the county in which the public work will be done at least twenty days before requesting qualifications from interested subcontract bidders, the owner and general contractor/construction manager may determine subcontractor bidding eligibility using the following evaluation criteria:
- 27 (a) Adequate financial resources or the ability to secure such 28 resources;
- 29 (b) History of successful completion of a contract of similar type 30 and scope;
- 31 (c) Project management and project supervision personnel with 32 experience on similar projects and the availability of such personnel 33 for the project;
 - (d) Current and projected workload and the impact the project will have on the subcontractor's current and projected workload;
- 36 (e) Ability to accurately estimate the subcontract bid package 37 scope of work;

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1 (f) Ability to meet subcontract bid package shop drawing and other coordination procedures;

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- (g) Eligibility to receive an award under applicable laws and regulations; and
- (h) Ability to meet subcontract bid package scheduling requirements.

The owner and general contractor/construction manager shall weigh the evaluation criteria and determine a minimum acceptable score to be considered an eligible subcontract bidder.

After publication of notice of intent to determine bidder eligibility, subcontractors requesting eligibility shall be provided the evaluation criteria and weighting to be used by the owner and general contractor/construction manager to determine subcontract bidders. After the owner and general contractor/construction manager determine eligible subcontract bidders, subcontractors requesting eligibility shall be provided the results and scoring of the subcontract bidder eligibility determination.

Subcontract bid packages shall be awarded to the responsible bidder submitting the low responsive bid, unless it is determined in writing by the owner and general contractor/construction manager that there is good cause to reject all bids and cancel the invitation. Any decision by the owner and general contractor/construction manager to reject all subcontract bid packages and cancel the invitation shall result in the payment of ten thousand dollars or five percent of the project cost estimate, whichever amount is less, to the contractor that otherwise would have been awarded the contract as the responsible bidder who submitted the lowest responsive bid. The requirements of RCW 39.30.060 apply to each subcontract bid package. All subcontractors who bid work over three hundred thousand dollars shall post a bid bond and all subcontractors who are awarded a contract over three hundred thousand dollars shall provide a performance and payment bond for their contract amount. All other subcontractors shall provide a performance and payment bond if required by the general contractor/construction If a general contractor/construction manager receives a from а subcontractor bidder, written protest the contractor/construction manager shall not execute a contract for the subcontract bid package with anyone other than the protesting bidder without first providing at least two full business days' written notice

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of the general contractor/construction manager's intent to execute a 1 2 contract for the subcontract bid package; provided that the protesting bidder submits notice in writing of its protest no later than two full 3 business days following bid opening. Intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, 4 and legal holidays are not counted. A low bidder who claims error and 5 fails to enter into a contract is prohibited from bidding on the same 6 7 project if a second or subsequent call for bids is made for the project. Except as provided for under subsection (7) of this section, 8 bidding on subcontract work by the general contractor/construction 9 10 manager or its subsidiaries is prohibited. The contractor/construction manager may negotiate with the low-responsive 11 12 bidder in accordance with RCW 39.10.080 or, if unsuccessful in such negotiations, rebid. 13 14

- (7) The general contractor/construction manager, or its subsidiaries, may bid on subcontract work if:
- (a) The work within the subcontract bid package is customarily performed by the general contractor/construction manager;
 - (b) The bid opening is managed by the public body; and
- (c) Notification of the general contractor/construction manager's intention to bid is included in the public solicitation of bids for the bid package.

In no event may the value of subcontract work performed by the general contractor/construction manager exceed thirty percent of the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost.

- (8) A public body may include an incentive clause in any contract awarded under this section for savings of either time or cost or both from that originally negotiated. No incentives granted may exceed five percent of the maximum allowable construction cost. If the project is completed for less than the agreed upon maximum allowable construction cost, any savings not otherwise negotiated as part of an incentive clause shall accrue to the public body. If the project is completed for more than the agreed upon maximum allowable construction cost, excepting increases due to any contract change orders approved by the public body, the additional cost shall be the responsibility of the general contractor/construction manager.
- (9) The authority provided to the state ferry system in this section is limited to projects concerning construction, renovation,

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- 1 preservation, demolition, and reconstruction of ferry terminals and
- 2 associated land-based facilities.

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